



Phrases to know

Asking what people are wearing:

What are you wearing? = Wat heb jij aan?

I'm / I am wearing jeans (or a dress or...) = Ik heb jeans aan.

What is he / she wearing? = Wat heeft hij / zij aan?

He / she's / He is / she is wearing trousers (or a sweater or ...) = Hij / zij heeft een broek aan.

What are they wearing? = Wat hebben zij aan?

They're / They are wearing nice sweaters (or jeans or ...) = Zij hebben leuke truien aan.

Saying something to another person about his / her clothes:

You're / You are wearing a nice dress (or fashionable jeans or...) = Je hebt een leuke jurk aan.

Asking what ...

a person looks like	What does he / she look like? = Hoe ziet hij / zij eruit?
some persons look like	What do they look like? = Hoe zien zij eruit?

Be careful - in English you say **what** and not **how**!

Describing

yourself	My eyes are (blue) or my mouth is (large). = Mijn ogen zijn blauw en mijn mond is groot.
another person	Your hands are (big) and your nose is (small). = Je handen zijn groot en je neus is klein. His arms are (long) or his hair is (short). Zijn armen zijn lang en zijn haar is kort. Her ears are (small) or her hair is (blond). = Haar oren zijn klein en haar haar is blond.
some other persons	Their legs are (long) and their hair is (dark). = Hun benen zijn lang en hun haar is donker.

Unit 1, lesson 5

Words to know

angry	boos
bathing suit	badpak
beard	baard
belt	riem
bracelet	armband
button	knoop
calm	rustig



cardigan	vest
checked	geruit
different / same	verschillend / hetzelfde
disappointed	teleurgesteld
gloves	handschoenen
happy	blij



hat	hoed
jacket	jasje, colbert
light / dark	licht / donker
lively	levendig
necklace	halsketting
sad	verdrietig
scared	bang

shirt	overhemd
shorts	korte broek
shoelace	schoenveter



shy	verlegen
sleeves	mouwen
slim	slank
skin colour	huidskleur
skinny	mager
spotted	gestippeld
striped	gestreept
suit	pak, kostuum
tanned	gekleurd
tie	stropdas
tight	strak



to put on	aantrekken
to take off	uitdoen
tracksuit	trainingspak
trainers	sportschoenen
weight	gewicht
zipper	rits



Phrases to know

Asking how much an article costs:

How much **is** it? It **is** ...

Asking how much some articles cost:

How much **are** they? They **are** ...

When you talk about something that **is** near, you say : **this** ... (pencil, book, ...)

When you talk about things that **are** near, you say: **these** ... (pencils, books, ...)

A shop assistant may ask you: Can I help you?

If you would like to have a look at something, you can ask:

Could I have that ... (T-shirt) / those ... (jeans), please?

If you would like to know the price, you can ask:

How much **does it** cost? It **costs** ...

How much **do they** cost? **They** cost ...

If you have bought an article, you can ask:

Can I return the article?

Can I get a refund?

When you want to know when a shop is open, you can ask:

When is the shop open? It is open from ... (day of the week) till ... (day of the week)
from ... o'clock till ... o'clock.

During ... (months) we are also open on Sunday

Unit 2, lesson 5

Words to know

almost	bijna
article	artikel
bargain	koopje
butcher's	slagerswinkel



careful	voorzichtig
chemist's	apotheek/ drogisterij
clothes shop	kledingzaak
customer	klant
dairy	zuivelhandel
discount	korting
expensive	duur
for example	bijvoorbeeld
free	gratis
large/medium/ small	groot/midden/ klein
parcel	pakje
probably	waarschijnlijk
queue	rij
receipt	kassabon
refund	geld terug, terugbetaling
shop assistant	winkelbediende
shopkeeper	winkeleigenaar



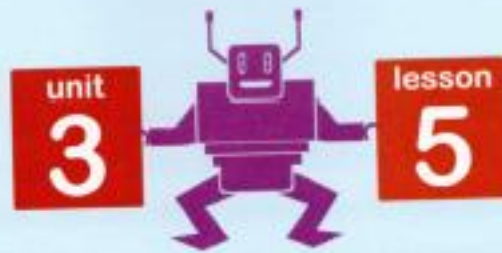
shopping centre	winkelcentrum
shop window	etalage
size	maat
special offer	aanbieding
stationer's	kantoor- boekhandel
to carry	dragen
to fit	passen
to forget	vergeten
to order	bestellen



to pay by credit card	met een creditkaart betalen
to pay cash	contant betalen
to return	terugbrengen (van goederen)
to sell	verkopen
to show	tonen, laten zien
to spend	besteden/ uitgeven aan
to try on	aanpassen
to wrap up	inpakken



toy shop	speelgoedwinkel
wallet	portemonnee



Phrases to know

What time is it?

What time is it? = Hoe laat is het?

It's half past four = Het is half vijf.

When is it?

When is it? = Wanneer is het?

It is on the first of July = Het is op 1 juli.

What are you going to do?

What are you going to do on Thursday? = Wat ga je donderdag doen?

I am going to the park on Thursday. = Ik ga donderdag naar het park.

What are you going to do at five o'clock? = Wat ga je om vijf uur doen?

I am going to do my homework at five o'clock. = Ik ga om vijf uur mijn huiswerk maken.

How do you say it?

Hoe laat is mijn afspraak? = What time is my appointment?

Jouw afspraak is om ... = Your appointment is at ...

Ik kom te laat. = I am going to be late.

Met Chloe. (als je de telefoon opneemt) = Chloe speaking.

Using a or an

a summer camp

an activity

a canoe

an evening

a horse riding camp

an hour off

Unit 3, lesson 5

Words to know

appointment	afspraken
7:00 am	7 uur 's morgens
7:00 pm	7 uur 's avonds
arts and crafts	handarbeid
campfire	kampvuur



date (appointment)	afspraken
date	afspraken
date	datum
diary	agenda/dagboek



drama	toneel
five minutes to three	vijf voor drie
it's a quarter past nine	kwart over negen
it's half past two	half drie
it's quarter to three	kwart voor drie
last week	vorige week
last year	vorig jaar
next week	volgende week
rafting	raften
schedule	schema
talent show	talentenjacht
the day after tomorrow	overmorgen
tomorrow	
the day before yesterday	eergisteren
yesterday	

the hands of the clock	de wijzers van de klok
the hour hand	de grote wijzer
the minute hand	de kleine wijzer
to be early	vroeg zijn
to be late	laat zijn



to brush my teeth	mijn tanden poetsen
to do homework	huiswerk maken
to get dressed	zich aankleden
to go home	naar huis gaan
to go to bed	naar bed gaan
to go to school/work	naar school/ het werk gaan
to go to the gym	naar de sportschool gaan
to wake up	wakker worden
to wash up	zich wassen
twenty minutes to eight	tien over half acht
two o'clock	twee uur
waste of time	tijdsverspilling
to yawn	gapen





Phrases to know

At the airport you can ask:

What time and from which gate does the next plane to ... depart?

The answer can be:

The next plane to Barcelona leaves **from** gate 2B **at** a quarter to nine.

Note that you say **where** the plane leaves from first and then **the time** the plane leaves.

If you want to know where somebody is going, you can ask:

Where are you going? I'm going to ...

If you want to know where somebody else is going, you can ask:

Where is he/she going? He/she is going to ...

If you want to know where more people are going, you can ask:

Where are they going? They are going to ...

How do people travel in Great Britain?

In Great Britain, you can travel **by** bike or **by** car or **on** foot.

How can you travel to France?

You can get to France **by** plane or **by** train.

Unit 4, lesson 5

Words to know

air hostess	stewardess
airport	vliegveld
arrival	aankomst
boarding time	instaptijd
cab	taxi
check in	incheckbalie



coach	bus (lange afstand)
comfortable	comfortabel
customs	douane
delay	vertraging
departure	vertrek
destination	bestemming
distance	afstand
eastern	oostelijk
ferry	veerboot



flight	vlucht
gate	gate, poort
information desk	informatiepunt
journey	reis
language	taal
lorry	vrachtwagen
luggage	bagage



mini-bus	kleine bus
northern	noordelijk
passport	paspoort
safety instructions	veiligheidsinstructies
security check	veiligheidscontrole
southern	zuidelijk
suitcase	koffer
to fasten the seat belt	veiligheidsgordel vastmaken
to go abroad	naar het buitenland gaan
to land	landen
to return	terugkeren
to take off	opstijgen



to wait for	wachten op
transport	vervoer
truck	vrachtwagen
underground	ondergrondse, metro
valid	geldig
western	westelijk



Phrases to know

Daniel **is** a bit lazy. = Daniel is een beetje lui.

Daniel's dad **was** a bit lazy. = Daniels vader was een beetje lui.

Daniel **goes** to Maths class. = Daniel gaat naar wiskunde.

Daniel's dad **went** to Maths class. = Daniels vader ging naar wiskunde.

Daniel **sits** behind Grace in Maths class. = Daniel zit achter Grace met wiskunde.

Daniel's dad **sat** behind Vivienne in Maths class = Daniels vader zat achter Vivienne met wiskunde.

good – better – best = goed – beter – best

bad – worse – worst = slecht – slechter – slechtst

fast – faster – fastest = snel – sneller – snelst

slow – slower – slowest = langzaam – langzamer – langzaamst

beautiful – more beautiful – most beautiful = mooi – mooier – mooist

I like primary school and I like secondary school **too** = Ik vind de basisschool leuk en de middelbare school ook.

I like primary school and I **also** like secondary school = Ik vind de basisschool leuk en de middelbare school ook.

I don't like homework and I don't like tests **either** = Ik vind huiswerk niet leuk en toetsen ook niet.

How do you say it?

Hebben we veel huiswerk? = Do we have a lot of homework?

Welk vak? = Which subject?

Welk onderwerp? = Which topic?

Wat wil je later worden? = What do you want to be when you grow up?

Ik wil dokter worden = I want to be a doctor.

Ik ben goed in ... = I'm good at ...

Unit 5, lesson 5

Words to know

Biology	biologie
break	pauze
chapter	hoofdstuk
chef	kok
Chemistry	scheikunde
dancer	danser
disco	disco
education	opleiding
English	Engels
expert	expert
fashion designer	modeontwerper



French	Frans
Geography	aardrijkskunde



grade	cijfer
hairdresser	kapper
History	geschiedenis
lazy	lui
mark	cijfer
Maths	wiskunde
mistake	fout
music	muziek
musician	musicus

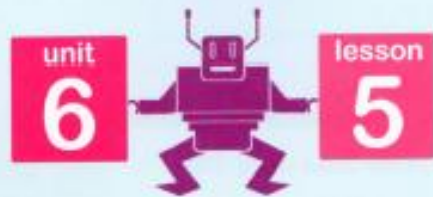
noisy	luidruchtig
P.E. - Physical	lichamelijke
Education	opvoeding (gym)
policeman	politieagent
principal	schoolhoofd
profession	beroep
result	resultaat
Science	natuurweten- schappen



subject	schoolvak
test	toets
timetable	rooster
to do lines	strafregels
	schrijven
to earn money	geld verdienen
to explain	uitleggen
to sew	naaien
to study	studeren



topic	onderwerp
vet, veterinarian	dierenarts
work	werk



Phrases to know

What do you say when you are talking about the weather?

What is the weather like today? = Hoe is het weer vandaag?
 Today it is sunny and warm. = Vandaag is het zonnig en warm.
 What will the weather be like tomorrow? = Hoe wordt het weer morgen?
 Tomorrow it will be raining. = Morgen gaat het regenen.

This is what people say when they talk about their holiday.

How's your holiday? It is ... (wonderful, horrible, not too bad, nice).

What do you say when you are talking about where you live?

What kind of house do you have? = Wat voor soort huis hebben jullie?
 It is a terraced house. = Het is een rijtjeshuis.
 What is there to do in your area? = Wat kun je doen in de omgeving?
 You can go hiking in the forests. = Je kunt wandelen in de bossen.

Never, always, sometimes, often

It **never** gets dark in summer. = Het wordt nooit donker in de zomer.
 Bram **often** stays up late in summer. = Bram blijft vaak tot laat op in de zomer.
 Cars **sometimes** ignore the traffic rules. = Auto's negeren soms de verkeersregels.
 People **always** collect the rainwater. = Mensen verzamelen altijd het regenwater.

Use of positive and negative

Positive	Negative
I have the perfect solution.	I don't have the perfect solution.
You have to shop for sunglasses.	You don't have to shop for sunglasses.
Julia cheats when playing board games.	Julia doesn't cheat when playing board games.
We want to go somewhere hot and sunny.	We don't want to go somewhere hot and sunny.
They like walking in the forest.	They don't like walking in the forest.

Unit 6, lesson 5

Words to know

Arctic Circle	poolcirkel
beach	strand
bush	bosje
city	grote stad
climate	klimaat
cloud	wolk
cottage	huisje op platteland
countryside	platteland
cycle track	fietspad
detached house	vrijstaand huis



farm	boerderij
foreign	buitenlands
forest	bos
hike	wandeling
island	eiland



lake	meer
lightning	bliksem
moderate	gematigd
mountains	bergen
neighbour	buurman/vrouw
neighbourhood	buurt

newspaper	krant
path	pad
pavement	stoep



picnic	picknick
raining cats and dogs	het regent pijpenstelen
river	rivier
semi-detached house	half vrijstaand huis



terraced house	rijtjeshuis
thunder	donder
to collect water	water verzamelen
to decide	beslissen
to drain away	weg laten lopen (van water)
to melt	smelten
town	middelgrote stad
traffic jam	verkeersop- stopping
traffic rules	verkeersregels
village	dorp
weather forecast	weersverwachting
zebra crossing	zebrapad